

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: XP300
Product name	: XP300 - BALANCER
Date of issue	: 12/1/2022
Version	: 11.02
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Solvent.
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.
Supplier's details	: Axalta Coating Systems, LLC 50 Applied Bank Blvd. Suite 300 Glen Mills, PA 19342 USA
Product information	855-6AXALTA
Emergency telephone number	: (CHEMTREC) - 800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2</li> </ul>

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
	H272 May agues domage to organs through prolonged or repeated expegure

## Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

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Prevention	: 🖻 201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	123-86-4	≥25 - ≤50
xylene	1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤18
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	≤8.1
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	≤3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	≤3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

## Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	:	ΙΑ

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butyl acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA. 50 ppm 6 hours.
kylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [xylene]
5	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Xylenes (o-,
	m-, p-isomers)]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	None.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1.2.4 trimethylbenzona	OSHA DEL 1090 /United States 2/4090) ITrimethyl
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Trimethyl
	benzene]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	-	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).		
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydro	treated light	None.		
<ul> <li>Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> </ul>		to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, ns below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fill	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measu				
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh	d face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. ould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ng before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this gases or dusts. If contact	with an approved standard should be used when a risk is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	worn at all times when har necessary. Considering th during use that the gloves noted that the time to brea glove manufacturers. In th	vious gloves complying with an approved standard should be adling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check are still retaining their protective properties. It should be akthrough for any glove material may be different for different the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the es cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	performed and the risks in handling this product. Wh	nent for the body should be selected based on the task being volved and should be approved by a specialist before en there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection		any additional skin protection measures should be selected erformed and the risks involved and should be approved by a this product.		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or ce	potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the ertification. Respirators must be used according to a gram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important		

#### XP300

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

: Liquid.
: Cloudy.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: Not applicable.
: 125 to 200°C (257 to 392°F)
: Closed cup: 22.667°C (72.8°F)
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Lower: 0.7%
Upper: 7.5%
: <mark>1</mark> .1 kPa (7.9 mm Hg)
: Not available.
: 0.906 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
: Not applicable.
: 280°C (536°F)
: Not applicable.
: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3492 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-	
				mg		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-	
				mg		
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-	
				mg		

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
kylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	·····	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely<br/>routes of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effects:Eye contact<br/>Inhalation: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or<br/>dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

#### Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	19745.1 mg/kg
Dermal	6967.49 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	36855.06 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	221.79 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
	requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
	regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
	via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to
	the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
	when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a
	safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
	cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere
	inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL				
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	II	II	П	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping

### specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information. Section 15. Regulatory information

•	5
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) SARA 304 RQ	: Listed
SARA 304 RQ	: 666273037.7 lbs / 302487959.1 kg [88199630.1 gal / 333871919.5 L]
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### XP300

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	kylene	1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤18
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤5
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	≤3
Supplier notification	kylene	1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤18
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤5
	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	≤3

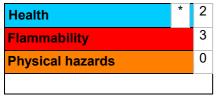
SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### Inventory list

Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.	-

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### <u>History</u>

Date of issue Version	<ul> <li>12/1/2022</li> <li>11.02</li> <li>Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.</li> </ul>
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

## Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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