SAFETY DATA SHEET

SP229

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : Rust Converter |
|--|--|
| Product code | : SP229 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Aerosol. |
| Relevant identified uses o | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Not applicable. | |
| Manufacturer | : VHT PRODUCTS CO. 101 Prospect Ave. Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : (216) 566-2917 |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : (800) 247-3270 |
| Regulatory Information Telephone Number | : (216) 566-2902 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

: (800) 424-9300

Transportation Emergency

Telephone Number

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|-----------------------|---|
| Classification of the | : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 |
| substance or mixture | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - |
| | Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 40% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 80.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 38. 5% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | ≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50 | 115-10-6 67-64-1 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | ≥10 - ≤21 ≤2.9 | 111-76-2 64-18-6 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | |
|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. | |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. | |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u> | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. | | | | | |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. | | | | | |
| Skin contact | : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. | | | | | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | | | | | |
| Over-exposure signs/sym | <u>otoms</u> | | | | | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | | | | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | | | | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness | | | | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | | | | |
| Indication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | | | | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | | | | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/4/2018 Date of previous issue : 3/5/2018 Version : 7 3/ | | | | | |
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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | | |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | | |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). | | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | | | | |

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Large s | spill |
|---------|----------|
| Laigo | . |

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | 1 | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Dimethyl Ether | AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). | | |
| Acetone | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | | | |
| | TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| Formic Acid | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. | | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
|--|
| STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. |
| STEL: 19 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. |
| TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). |
| TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. |
| TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
|---|--|--|
| | | |
| CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 9.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 5 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 9.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 10 ppm 15 minutes. |
|--|
| STEV: 19 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). |
| STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

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| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|--|
| Acetone | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. |
| Formic Acid | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | other recon vapor | only with adequate ventilation engineering controls to keep nmended or statutory limits. r or dust concentrations below ation equipment. | worker exposure to a The engineering cont | airborne contaminants be rols also need to keep g | elow any as, |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | they cases | sions from ventilation or work comply with the requirements s, fume scrubbers, filters or e e necessary to reduce emissi | of environmental pro ngineering modification | tection legislation. In so | me |
| Individual protection meas | <u>ures</u> | | | | |
| Hygiene measures | eating Appro Wasł | n hands, forearms and face th g, smoking and using the lava opriate techniques should be n contaminated clothing befor vers are close to the workstati | atory and at the end o used to remove poter re reusing. Ensure the | f the working period. ntially contaminated cloth | hing. |
| Eye/face protection | asses gases | y eyewear complying with an ssment indicates this is neces s or dusts. If contact is possi ssessment indicates a higher | ssary to avoid exposu ble, the following prot | re to liquid splashes, mis ection should be worn, u | sts, Inless |
| Skin protection | | Ũ | 0 | | |
| Hand protection | worn neces during notec glove | nical-resistant, impervious glo at all times when handling ch ssary. Considering the paran g use that the gloves are still that the time to breakthroug manufacturers. In the case ction time of the gloves canno | emical products if a r neters specified by the retaining their protect h for any glove mater of mixtures, consistin | isk assessment indicate e glove manufacturer, cl ive properties. It should ial may be different for d g of several substances | es this is heck l be lifferent |
| Body protection | perfo handl static | onal protective equipment for rmed and the risks involved a ling this product. When there protective clothing. For the Id include anti-static overalls, | and should be approve is a risk of ignition fro greatest protection fro | ed by a specialist before om static electricity, wea | ar anti- |
| Other skin protection | based | opriate footwear and any addi d on the task being performed alist before handling this proc | d and the risks involve | | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Respiratory protection | Res | piratory | protection |
|-------------------------------|-----|----------|------------|
|-------------------------------|-----|----------|------------|

_ _

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Not available. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point/boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive | : Lower: 1.1% |
| (flammable) limits | Upper: 57% |
| Vapor pressure | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C] |
| Vapor density | : 1 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 0.76 |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | |
| Type of aerosol | : Spray |
| Heat of combustion | : 24.914 kJ/g |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute | tox | ICITV |
|-------|-----|--------------|
| | | |

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|----------|
| Dimethyl Ether | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 164000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 309 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| Acetone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5800 mg/kg | - |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | LCLo Inhalation Vapor | Guinea pig | >3.1 mg/l | 1 hours |
| , | LD50 Dermal | Guinea pig | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| Formic Acid | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 7400 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 730 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| Acetone | Eyes - Mild irritant | Human | - | 186300 parts | - |
| | | | | per million | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 microliters | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 395 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| Formic Acid | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 122 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 610 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | - | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Acetone | | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Specific target organ tox | <u>ticity (repeated exposure)</u> | | | |
| Name | | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
| Acetone 2-Butoxyethanol | | Category 2 Category 2 | Not determined Not determined | Not determined Not determined |
| Aspiration hazard Not available. | | | | |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. | | | |
| Potential acute health effe | ects | | | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irri | itation. | | |
| nhalation | : Can cause central nerv dizziness. May cause r | respiratory irritation. | - | rowsiness or |
| Skin contact | : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. | | | |
| ngestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | | | |
| Symptoms related to the p | | | stics | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness | ay include the following: | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms ma respiratory tract irritatio coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness | ay include the following: | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | | |
| Delayed and immediate ef | <u>fects and also chronic eff</u> | ects from short and lo | ong term exposure | |
| Short term exposure | ···· | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | |
| Long term exposure Potential immediate | : Not available. | | | |
| effects | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | |
| Potential chronic health ef | <u>nects</u> | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | previous issue : 3/5 | | ersion :7 |

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Not available.

| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Oral | 5166.8 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 1856.1 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 46.6 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Acetone | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp. | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 21 days |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 4 weeks |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| Formic Acid | Acute EC50 151200 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hours |
| | | Larvae | |
| | Acute LC50 80000 to 90000 µg/l Marine | Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - | 48 hours |
| | water | Adult | |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Acetone 2-Butoxyethanol | - | - | Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition

: Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ΙΑΤΑ | IMDG |
|--|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS, flammable | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2). | - | _ | <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S- U |
| | ERG No. | ERG No. | ERG No. | | |
| | 126 | 126 | 126 | | |
| Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular | | | | | |

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Proper shipping name: Not available.Ship type: Not available.Pollution category: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

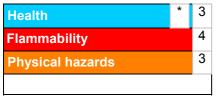
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| | Justification | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|--|--|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS | On basis of test data | | | |
| GASES UNDER PRESSU | Calculation method | | | |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (derma | Calculation method | | | |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT | | Calculation method | | |
| | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method | | |
| | N TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract | Calculation method | | |
| irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORG/ Category 3 | Calculation method | | | |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORG/ | N TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method | | |
| <u>History</u> | | - | | |
| Date of printing | : 5/4/2018 | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/4/2018 | : 5/4/2018 | | |
| Date of previous issue | : 3/5/2018 | 3/5/2018 | | |
| Version | : 7 | 7 | | |
| Key to abbreviations | previations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations | | | |

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.