# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **<u>1. Product Identifier</u>**

Product form	Substance
Trade name	Diesel Fuel Conditioner and Anti-Gel
Product Number(s)	B1900, B1912, B1905, B19055

#### **Relevant Uses**

Uses of Mixture:

Diesel Fuel Anti-Gel, Cleaner, and Conditioner

#### Supplier Details

Manufacturer Name	The Berkebile Oil Company, Inc.
Address:	1216 Red Brant Road
City, State, Zip	Somerset, PA 15501
Phone	814-443-1656
Fax	814-443-2873

Emergency Contact Chemtrec Emergency Tel # 800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS Classifications: Physical, Flammable L

Physical, Flammable Liquids, 3 Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Oral Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Dermal Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Inhalation Health, Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, 3 Health, Carcinogenicity, 2 Health, Aspiration hazard, 1 Health, Skin corrosion/irritation, 1 C Environmental, Hazards to the aquatic environment - Chronic, 2

## 2.2 Label Elements

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#### Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazzard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger

Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin, or inhaled Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Suspected of causing cancer May cause respiratory irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)**

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and met Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces – No Smoking Do not breathe vapors Wash hands thoroughly after handling Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Obtain special instructions before use.

#### **Response:**

If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor Rinse mouth DO NOT Induce Vomiting Take off immediately all contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reuse If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction. **Storage** Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep Cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste management site

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Light Aromatic Solvent Nap	tha Mineral Spirits	64742-95-6	75-85
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	5-15
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		108-67-8	3-5
Xylene		1330-20-7	<1
Cumene		98-82-8	<.5
Napthalene		91-20-3	<.5
Vinyl Acetate Monomer		108-05-4	<.2
Ethylbenzene			<.1

#### 4. First Aid Measures

First-aid measures general :	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Methanol is toxic and flammable. Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment and remove any sources of ignition).
: First-aid measures after inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if needed.
: First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Ensure that folded skin of eyelids is thoroughly washed with water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.

First-aid measures after ingestion	:	Rinse mouth with water and drink 2-4 cups of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Note to Physician: Activated charcoal may be administered.
4.2 Most Important Symptoms	:	Symptoms may include: Irritation, Dermatitis, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, Breathing difficulties

## 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties:	As defined by OSHA, this product is a Class 3A flammable liquid.
	Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)
Products of Combustion:	Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Smoke, Fume, Unburned hydrocarbons
Explosion Hazards:	Containers, when exposed to heat from fire, may build pressure and
	rupture. Use water to cool closed containers.

**Protection of Fire-Fighters:** Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors which may result from product decomposition.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal Precautions:** Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental Precautions:** Take precautions to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Do not flush into sewers or storm drains. If run-off occurs, notify the proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

Methods for Containment & Clean-up: Eliminate all ignition sources. Dike area to contain spill. Ventilate the area with fresh air. If in confined space or limited air circulation area, clean-up workers should wear appropriate respiratory protection. Recover or absorb spilled material using an absorbent designed for chemical spills. Place used absorbents into proper waste containers.

## 7. Handling and Storage –

**Handling Procedures:** Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind containers. Handle with care and avoid spillage on the floor (slippage). Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

**Storage Prodedures:** Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully re-sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Exposure Guidelines:** Distillates (pet), hydro-treated light OSHA TWA: 500 ppm Solvent naphtha (pet), me-dium aliph. OSHA TWA: 500 ppm 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm **XYLENE** OSHA TWA: 100 ppm OSHA STEL: 150 ppm CUMENE OSHA PEL: 50 ppm, 245 mg/m^3 OSHA TWA: 50 ppm ACGIH TWA: 50 ppm NAPHTHALENE OSHA PEL: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m^3 OSHA TWA: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m^3 OSHA STEL: 15 ppm **VINYL ACETATE** OSHA TWA: 10 ppm, 30 mg/m^3 OSHA STEL: 20 ppm **ETHYLBENZENE** OSHA TWA: 100 ppm OSHA STEL: 125 ppm

ACGIH STEL: 125 ppm

#### **Controls and Protection:**

**Engineering Controls:** All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR 1910.94).

Personal Protective Equip: Use of safety glassses and gloves are recommended.

Eye/face Protection: For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear splash-proof goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective gloves such as nitrile or natural rubber. Also, use full protective clothing if there is prolonged or repeated contact of liquid with skin.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

:	liquid
:	transparent, clear
:	characteristic, hydrocarbon-like, solvent-like
:	No data available
	: : :

рН	:	not applicable
Freezing Point (Melting point/range)	:	< -70 °C (< -94 °F)
Boiling Point (Boiling point/boiling range)	:	179 - 213.9 °C (354 - 417.0 °F)
Flash point	:	61 - 66 °C (142 - 151 °F)
Evaporation rate	:	0.04
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Burning rate	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit	:	6.0 - 7.0 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	0.7 - 0.8 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	0.32 - 0.5 mmHg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1AIR=1
Relative density	:	0.78 - 0.81Reference substance: (water = 1)
Density	:	0.780 - 0.803 g/cm3@15 - 15.5 °C (59 - 59.9°F)
Bulk density	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	233 - 315 °C
Viscosity, kinematic	:	1.8 mm2/s @ 20 °C (68 °F)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:	Product is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	High temperatures above 50 C (122 F) and open flame.
Materials to Avoid:	May burn or react violently to flourine/oxygen mixtures.

## **11. Toxicological Information**

Long-term toxicological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product:

Repeated skin contact with this product may cause dermatitis or an oil acne.

No component is listed as a carcinogen, mutagen, or teratogen.

#### SKIN EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, no deaths reported at 4 ml/kg (Rat). Slightly irritating (rabbit, 4 hour(s)). Vinyl Acetate Monomer, Skin absorption LD50 is 2,335 mg/kg in rabbits.

#### ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, LD50, 10 ml/kg in rats.

Oral LD 50 for Vinyl Acetate Monomer is 2,920 mg/kg in rats.

#### ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, no deaths at 710 ppm (v) (Rat) 4 Hour (s). Vinyl Acetate Monomer, four hour inhalation LC50 is 4,000 ppm in rats.

## **12. Ecological Information**

Avoid exposing to the environment, no specific aquatic data available

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#### **13. Disposal Considerations**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not flush to surface water or drains

#### **14. Transport Information**

IATA (International Air Transport Associat	ion): Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG-Code:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

DOT (Department of Transportation):	UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., CBL, III
Special Notes:	The flash point for this material is greater than 100 F (38 C). Therefore, in accordance with 49 CFR 173.150(f) non- bulk containers (<450L or <119 gallon capacity) of this material may be shipped as non-regulated when transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant, or specifically listed as a hazardous substance.

#### **15. Regulatory Information**

OSHA Hazards	:	Combustible Liquid, Toxic by inhalation., Harmful by ingestion., Harmful by skin absorption.,
WHMIS Classification	:	Moderate skin irritant, Aspiration hazard B3: Combustible Liquid D2B: Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

## REGULATORY DISCLOSURES:

New Jersey Right to Know list: 1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene. CAS #95-63-6. < 5 - 15%. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, CAS # 108-67-8, < 5 %. Cumene, CAS # 98-82-8, < 0.5%. Xylene, CAS # 1330-20-7, < 0.5 %. Naphthalene, CAS# 91-20-3, < 0.5 %. Pennsylvania Right to Know List: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, CAS #95-63-6, < 5 - 15%. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, CAS # 108-67-8, < 5 %. Cumene, CAS # 98-82-8, < 0.5%. Xylene, CAS # 1330-20-7, < 0.5 %. Naphthalene, CAS# 91-20-3, < 0.5 %. **Canadian Disclosure List** 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (108-67-8) CUMENE (98-82-8) ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4) SARA Title III - Section 313 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) XYLENE (1330-20-7) CUMENE (98-82-8) NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3)

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4) **CERCLA Hazardous Substances** XYLENE (1330-20-7) -- RQ 1000 lb CUMENE (98-82-8) -- RQ 5000 lb NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) -- RQ 100 lb VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) -- RQ 5000 lb ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4) -- RQ 1000 lb **RCRA Hazardous Substances** XYLENE (1330-20-7) -- RCRA Code: U239 CUMENE (98-82-8) -- RCRA Code: U055 NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) -- RCRA Code: U165 **Clean Air Act - Section 112** VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) Title V 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6) XYLENE (1330-20-7) CUMENE (98-82-8) NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4) SC Toxic Air Pollutants List XYLENE (1330-20-7) CUMENE (98-82-8) NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

#### NFPA:



HMIS III:

HEALTH	2
FLAMABALITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZZARD	0

Prepared By: Kirk Sherbine Berkebile Oil #: B1900, B1912, B1905, B1955 Revision Date: 03/01/2015 Changes since last revision: All

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